

INTEGRITY. RELIABILITY. EXPERIENCE.

The History of the Life Settlement Market

1911 Grigsby vs Russell

Life Insurance as an Asset

New Non-Forfeiture Option

2008 Changes Everything





The Time to Discuss Your Senior Client's Insurance Needs is Now.

Need for Liquidity



Policy Changes



Health Considerations



Business Developments



- Loss of Income
- Growing Debt
- Supplement Retirement

- Low Interest Rates
- Rising Costs
- Underperforming Policy

- Medical Bills
- Long Term Care
- Aging in Place

- Business is Sold
- Need for Cash Flow
- Bankruptcy



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Life Settlement generates

than the policy's surrender value, on average.

9_{out of} 10

UL & Term Policies do not result in a death claim.

billion is lapsed or surrendered per year on insureds 65+. The NAIC identified Life Settlements as a

top option

to help seniors pay for long term care costs.

Business owned policies can create an

influx of cash

to the company balance sheet.

Key TOLI Statistics

20 years

The average age of an ILIT

37 years

The average duration of an ILIT

72%

Insureds over the age of 60

46%

Insureds over the age of 70

61%

Policies over 10 years old

including

28%

Policies over 20 years old

34%

High Risk rated policies

31%

Projected to lapse prior to Maturity

15%

Projected to lapse prior to Life Expectancy

30%

Compromised "No-lapse Guarantees"

35%

Stopped paying Premiums



Who is Eligible for a Life Settlement?



Age & Life Expectancy

Majority is 65+ years

Life Expectancy of less than 20 years

Typically, the shorter someone's life expectancy, the greater the policy's value. However, in today's expanded marketplace, even healthy insureds over 75 are being sought by certain buyers.



Health

Change in health since policy issuance



Face Amount

\$100,000+

Average policy size purchased is \$1.3M



Policy Type

Universal Life
IUL
GUL
Convertible Term
Whole Life including
survivorships

Current assumption and GUL products account for the bulk of policies sold. Term policies that are still convertible, offer win-win scenarios for agents and policyowners alike.

A change in health since the policy was issued is usually the most important factor to the value of a policy.

The diverse appetites of buyers have created competitive buying niches. Aggressive capital can now be found in abundance for small and large face policies.

The average policy size purchased is over \$1.3M.



LIFE SETTLEMENT CASE STUDY

INSURED: 78 Male

FACE AMOUNT: \$4,300,000

POLICY TYPE: SVUL - PFD/Select-Smoker

csv: \$240,000

LIFE SETTLEMENT VALUE: \$705,000

- ✓ The planning had changed dramatically since 2002
- ✓ Need for the policy diminished: Sold Business. Wife passed.
- ✓ Estate Tax Obligation was significantly reduced
- ✓ In good health. He chose to fund an annuity with the policy value
- ✓ \$465,000 more to invest!

LIFE SETTLEMENT | CASE STUDY

INSURED: 71 Male

FACE AMOUNT: \$1,000,000

POLICY TYPE: Universal Life policy - Issued PFD

CSV: \$0

LIFE SETTLEMENT VALUE: \$290,000

- ✓ The premiums were no longer affordable
- ✓ The decision to lapse the policy had been made
- ✓ The sustained low interest rate environment eroded the account value
- ✓ Reallocated financial resources to supplement retirement and long-term healthcare needs

When
Buyers
Compete.
Your Client's
Win

POLICY: \$1,000,000 TERM ISSUED PFD-PLUS

INSURED: 74 FEMALE IN BELOW AVERAGE HEALTH

- A bid history that included 27 offers
- An increase of 300% over the initial offer
- \$315,000 more than the lapse alternative
- ✓ Full target paid to the agent

POLICY: \$10,000,000 UL ISSUED PREFERRED

INSURED: 87 MALE IN AVERAGE HEALTH

- A bid history that included 38 offers
- An increase of 385% over the initial offer
- \$1.44M more than the surrender alternative
- Buyer paid double their first offer

Taxation: TCJA provides much needed clarity

Cost Basis is generally defined as total aggregate premiums paid since issuance of the life insurance policy (exceptions apply with respect to dividend paying/participating contracts).

Prior to TCJA and in accordance with Rev. Ruling 2009-13 the cost basis had to be reduced by the cost of insurance. This was unfavorable to policy sellers. Rev. Ruling 2009-13 also established the tax character of the gain to be Capital Gains (this was upheld in the TCJA).

Taxation Example:
Universal Life Policy
Owned for more than 365 days by current owner
Total Premiums Paid = \$150,000
Cash Surrender Value = \$20,000
Life Settlement Proceeds = \$175,000

Cost Basis = \$150,000 Long Term Capital Gain = \$25,000 (\$175,000 - \$150,000)

TCJA instituted reporting requirements: 1099's generated by Buyers & Insurance Companies for tax reporting and audit trail.



Ask Clients & Prospects When Can We Schedule a Policy Review?

- Does the initial need or priority still exist?
- Is the policyowner looking for liquidity?
- Is there an opportunity to reallocate premium dollars to another, more efficient policy, investment or need?
- Is the policyowner considering lapsing or surrendering the policy?
- Are their needs better met by maintaining a portion of the policy with no future premium obligation?



Thinking of a Situation?

Evergreen can prepare you with a market analysis using as little as a current illustration and date of birth.

Contact

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